

# Learning Relational Decision Trees for Guiding Heuristic Planning

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September 17, 2008

# Outline

Background and Motivation

Learning Helpful Context Policies

Planning with Helpful Context Policies

Conclusions

# Heuristic Planning

## Advantages

- ▶ One of the top approaches in AI Planning
- ▶ Heuristic function correctly leads the search in most classical planning benchmarks
- ▶ Used for other planning paradigms

## Issues

- ▶ Scalability: Node evaluation is expensive.
- ▶ In some benchmarks heuristic function is not good enough.

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# Learning for Heuristic Planning

## Learning Opportunities

- ▶ Avoiding node evaluations
- ▶ Developing more accurate heuristics

## Other Learning Approaches

- ▶ Macros [Botea et al., 2005, Coles and Smith, 2007, Newton et al., 2007]
- ▶ Cases [De la Rosa et al., 2007]
- ▶ Heuristic Functions [Yoon et al., 2006, Xu et al., 2007]
- ▶ General Policies [Khardon, 1999, Martin and Geffner, 2004, Yoon et al., 2007]

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# Learning Helpful Context Policies

- ▶ Learning an action policy in form of relational decision trees
- ▶ Using a relational classifier (TILDE)
- ▶ The target is which instantiated action to select among the applicable candidates

# Learning Helpful Context Policies

## Learning Phases

- ▶ Generation of Learning Examples
- ▶ Action Classification
- ▶ Binding Classification

# Learning Examples

## Helpful Context

- ▶ Set of Helpful Actions
- ▶ Target Goals (goals remaining in the problem)
- ▶ Problem Static Facts
- ▶ *Executed Action*

# Learning Examples

## Helpful Context Example

```
% Static Predicates of problem
static_fact_calibration_target(sat_prob,instrument0,star0).
static_fact_supports(sat_prob,instrument0,infrared2).
static_fact_supports(sat_prob,instrument0,spectrograph1).
static_fact_on_board(sat_prob,instrument0,satellite0).

% Example sat_E1
selected(sat_e1,sat_prob,switch_on).
candidate_turn_to(sat_e1,sat_prob,satellite0,phenomenon3,star0).
candidate_turn_to(sat_e1,sat_prob,satellite0,phenomenon4,star0).
candidate_switch_on(sat_e1,sat_prob,instrument0,satellite0).
target_goal_have_image(sat_e1,sat_prob,phenomenon3,infrared2).
target_goal_have_image(sat_e1,sat_prob,phenomenon4,infrared2).
```

# Learning Examples

## Why not the state?

- ▶ Easier matching
- ▶ Helpful action encode information about goals
- ▶ Better recursive predicate handling

# Learning Examples

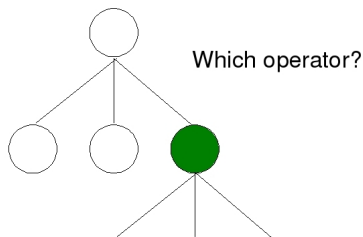
## Generating Examples

- ▶ Training problems solved with EHC and refined with DfBnB
- ▶ From each node of a best-cost solution
  - ▶ An example of helpful context for action classification
  - ▶ Examples of helpful context for binding classification

# Action Classification

## Action Examples

- ▶ Helpful Context
- ▶ The class is the selected operator
- ▶ *Static predicates are shared by all problem examples*



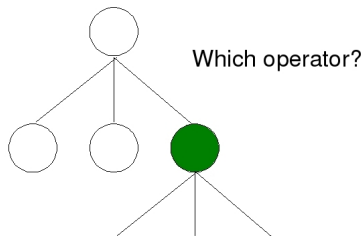
## Output

- ▶ Action decision tree

# Action Classification

## Action Examples

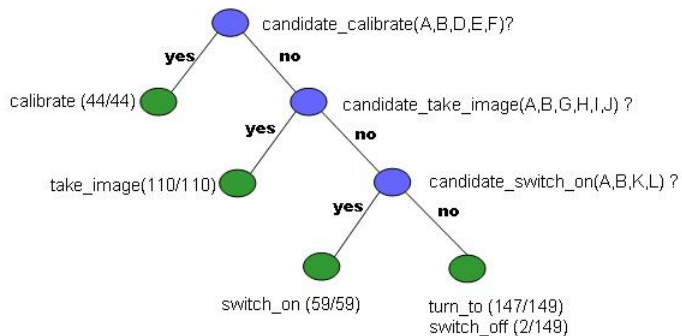
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## Output

- ▶ **Action decision tree**

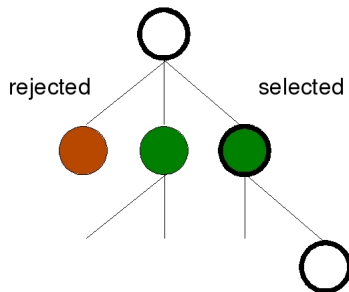
# Action Decision Tree



# Binding Classification

## Binding Examples

- ▶ Helpful Context
- ▶ The positive classes are the operator bindings in one of the best-cost solutions
- ▶ The negative classes are the operator bindings not present in a best-cost solution



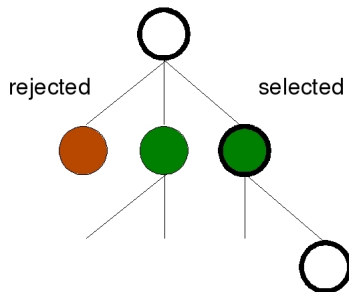
## Output

- ▶ One binding decision tree for each operator in the domain

# Binding Classification

## Binding Examples

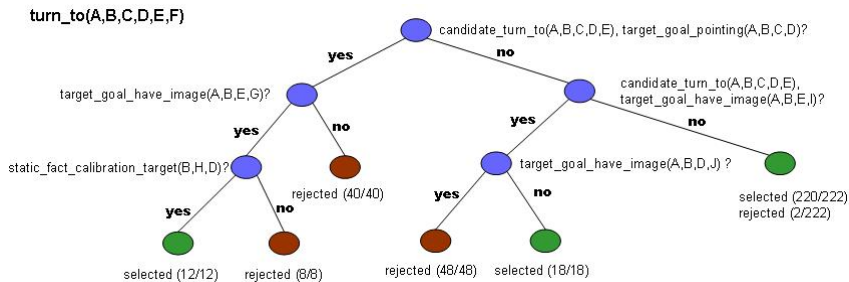
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# Binding Decision Tree



# Planning with Helpful Context Policy

## Helpful Context Depth-first Search

At each node

- ▶ Helpful Context computation
- ▶ Candidate ordering
  - ▶ by the action tree leaf matching current context
  - ▶ by the selected/rejected ratio of the binding tree leaf

A backtrack-free search is the execution of the Helpful Context Policy

The best case  $\Rightarrow (Plan\_length + 1)$  heuristic evaluations

# Planning with Helpful Context Policy

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# Planning with Helpful Context Policy

## Sorted EHC

At each node

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- ▶ Candidate ordering for heuristic evaluation
  
- ▶ Node evaluation reduction, but the search still relies on heuristic function performance

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## Sorted EHC

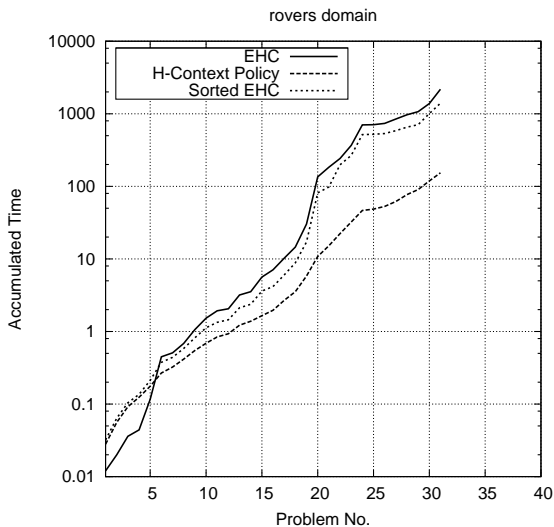
At each node

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## Experimental Results (problems solved)

Domain (problems)	EHC	H-Context Policy	Sorted-EHC
Blocksworld (103)	20	103	21
Miconic (150)	150	150	150
Logistics (79)	72	79	73
Zenotravel (20)	19	20	19
Satellite (36)	23	28	26
Rovers (40)	31	40	33
TPP (30)	19	30	19

# Experimental Results



# Conclusions

## Representation

- ▶ Helpful Context as an alternative for representing the meta-state of the search
- ▶ Hierarchical information for planning benchmarks

## Learning

- ▶ Control-knowledge acquisition as a classification task TILDE
- ▶ Generation of better training examples (DFBnB)

## Planning

- ▶ Helpful Context DFS and Sorted EHC: additional means for embedding policies within search
- ▶ Reducing node evaluations for handling scalability problems

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# Current Work

## Helpful Context Lookahead Search IPC Competitor

At each node expansion a lookahead node is included

- ▶ Helpful Context computation
- ▶ Applicable actions of the relaxed plan are sorted
  - ▶ by the action tree leaf matching current context (*still applicable*)
  - ▶ by the selected/rejected ratio of the binding tree leaf

Thanks

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